

Lesson of The Day

Indirect Object: im (singular) = to or for him, her, it

Tumaha im ia tuk.

He went to town for her.

Nanta ish im apoksia chi?

What will you fix for him?

Word Meaning:

tumaha (tah-mah-ha) = town

im (ehm) = (singular) to or for him, her, it

ia (e-yah) = go/going

tuk (tohk) = past tense marker

nanta (nahn-tah) = what

ish (esh) = you

apoksia (ah-pohk-se-yah) = fix/repair

achi (ah-chehn) = future tense marker — preceding word will drop the final vowel 'a' for the future tense ending

To see previous lessons visit the *Chahta Anumpa Aiikhvna* (School of Choctaw Language) website at: www.choctawschool.com

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